

**MOS-AK 2016**

# Large Signal Equivalent Circuit Modeling of AlGa<sub>N</sub>/Ga<sub>N</sub> HEMTs

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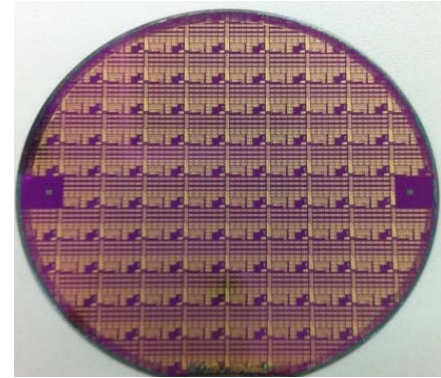
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# Advantages of AlGaN/GaN HEMTs

- High 2DEG
- High saturation drift velocity
- High breakdown voltage



power amplifier

large signal equivalent circuit  
model

important

## Design and fabrication

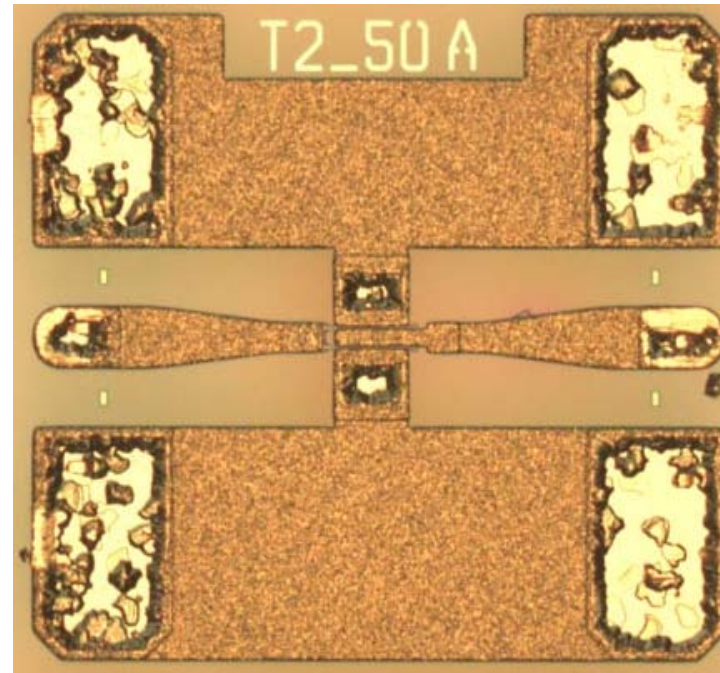
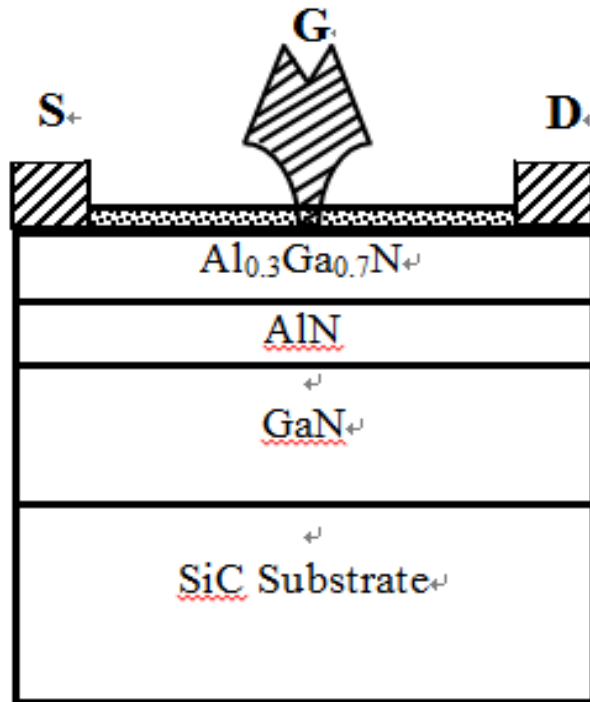


Fig.1. Cross section (left) and micrograph (right) of GaN HEMTs

We have completed fabrication of a 2\*50um AlGa<sub>0.3</sub>N/GaN HEMT with 0.1um gate-length and 2um source-drain distance in the paper.

# Measurement system

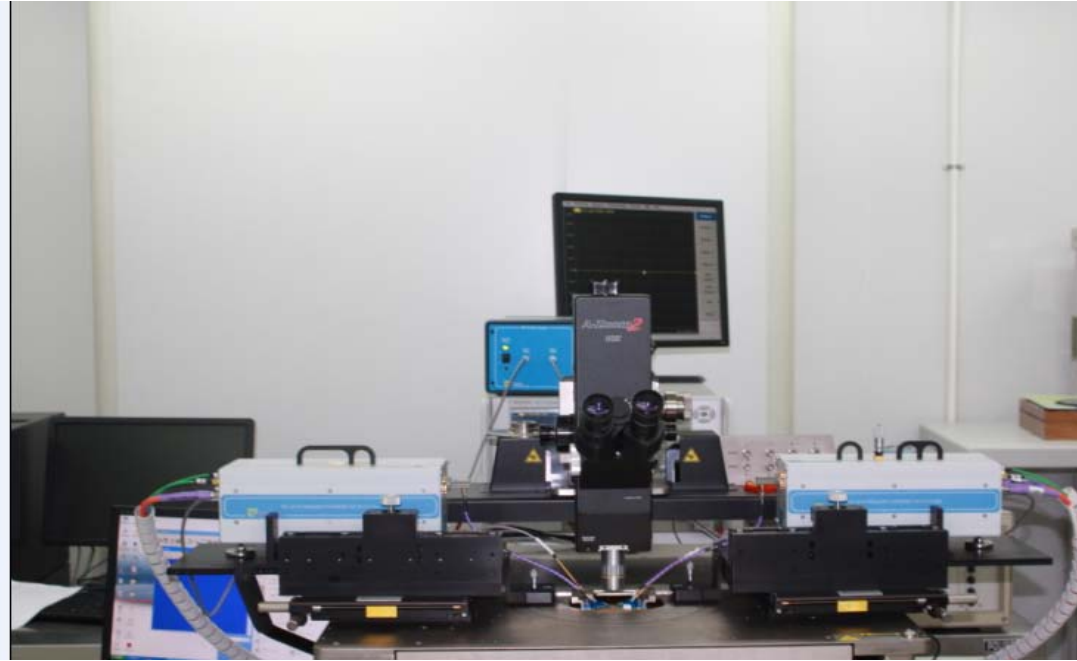
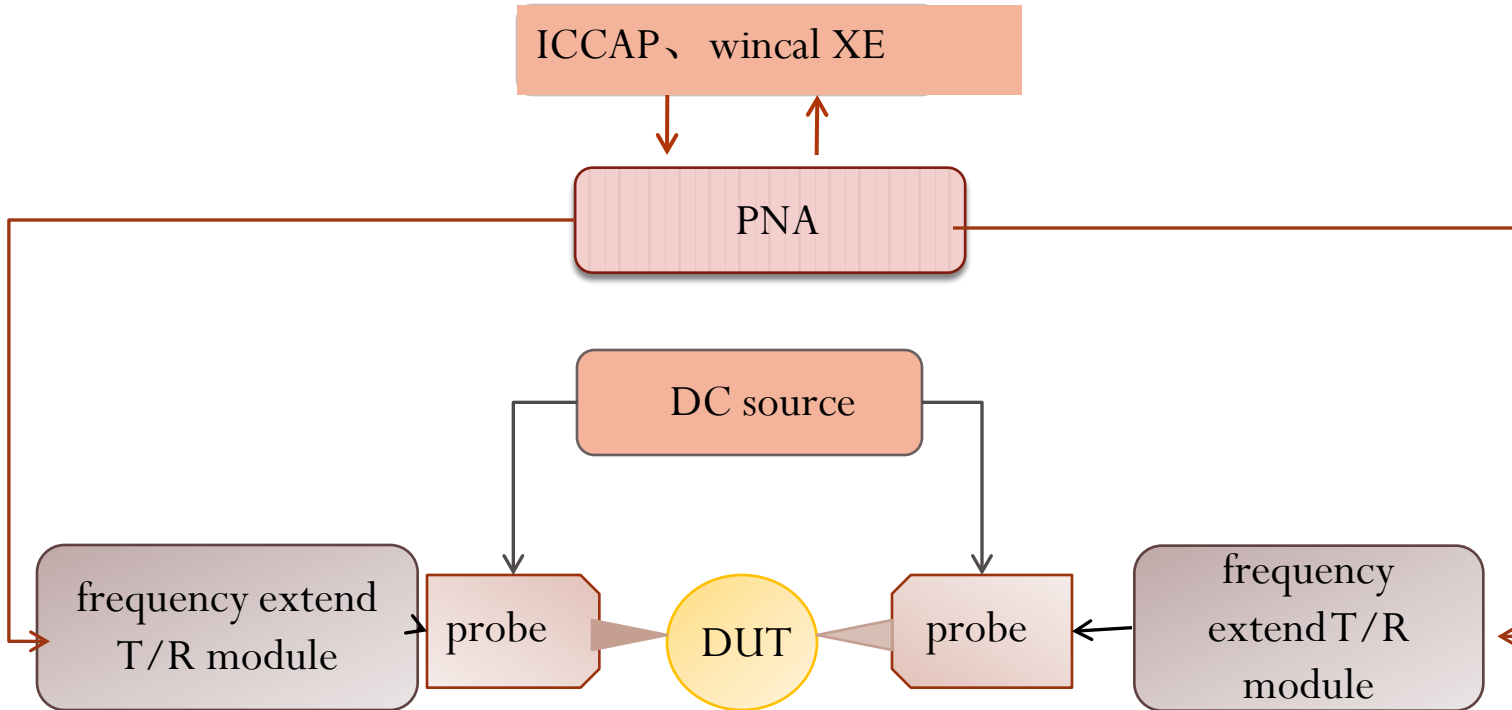


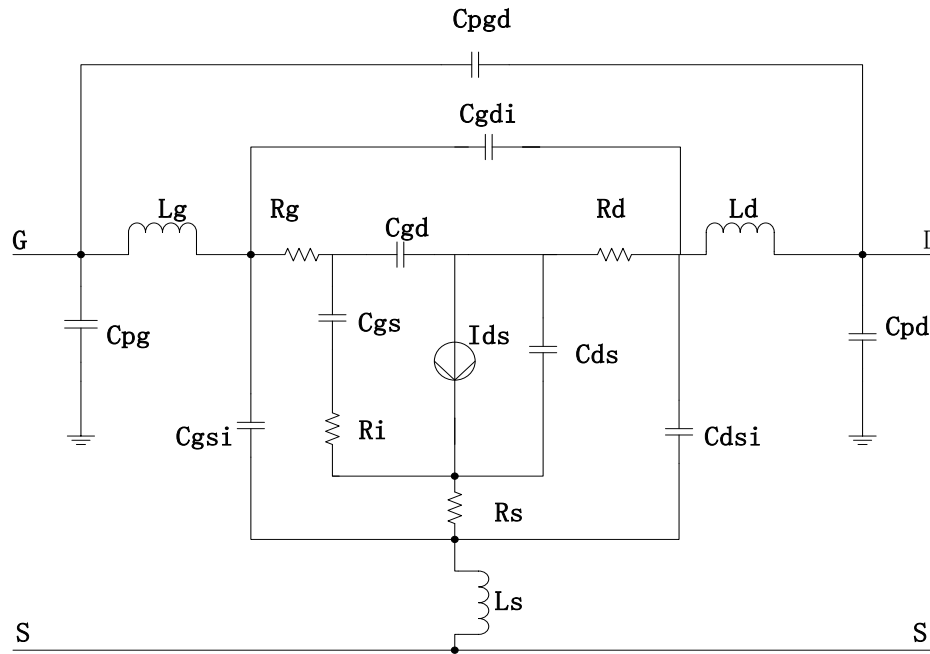
Fig.2.on-wafer measurement system

# Measurement setup



wafer-probe station	Cascade	Summit 12000M
DC source	HP	4142B
PNA	Agilent	PNA-X N5247A
frequency extend T/R module	Farren	Fev-10-TR

# Small signal model



$C_{pg}, C_{pd}, C_{pgd}$  parasitic capacitances of PADs

← open

$L_g, L_d, L_s$  parasitic lead inductances

← short

$R_g, R_d, R_s$  parasitic resistances of HEMTs

← reverse cut-off method

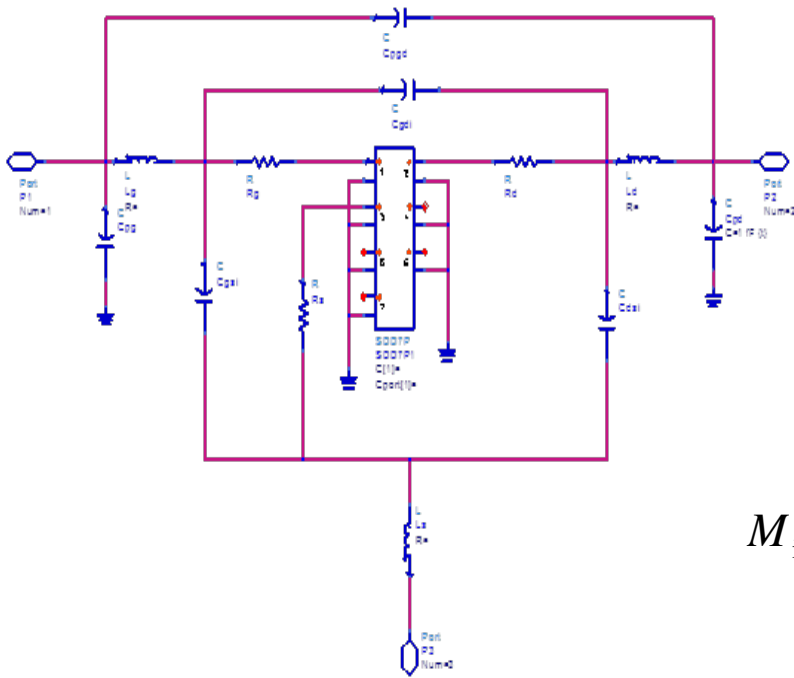
$C_{gsi}, C_{gdi}$  and  $C_{dsi}$  are coupling capacitances between electrodes

←

Fig.3. Small signal equivalent circuit model

Intrinsic parameters  $C_{gs}, C_{gd}, C_{ds}, R_i, G_m$  and  $\tau$  can be determined according to the Y-parameters.

# Large signal model



$$I_{ds} = I_{pk} \times (1 + M_{ipk} \times \tanh(\psi)) \times \tanh(\alpha V_{ds})$$

$$\psi = P_{k1} \times (V_{gs} - V_{pk1}) + P_{k2} \times (V_{gs} - V_{pk2})^2 + P_{k3} \times (V_{gs} - V_{pk3})^3$$

$$P_{kn} = K_{n0} + (K_{n0} + K_{n1} \times V_{ds}) \times \tanh(\alpha_n \times V_{ds})$$

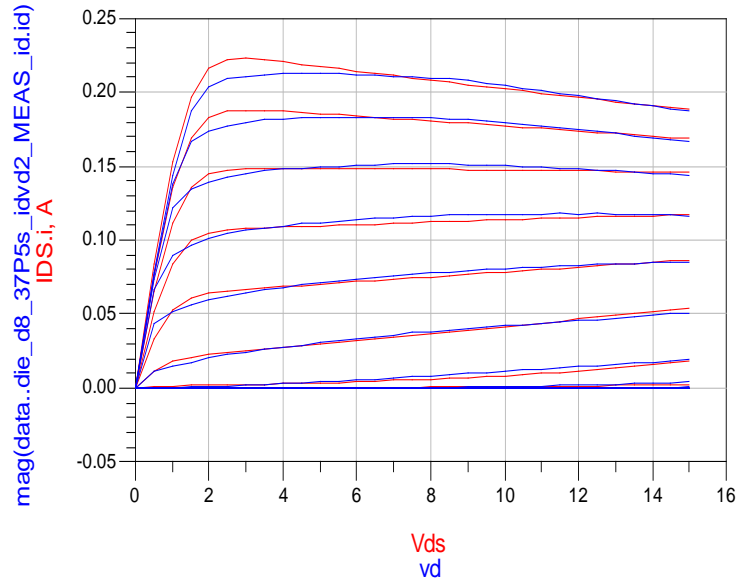
$$n=1,2,3$$

$$M_{ipk} = 1 + 0.5 \times (M_{ipk1} - 1) \times (1 + \tanh(qm \times (V_{gs} - V_{gsm})))$$

Fig.4. SDD large signal equivalent circuit model

The equivalent circuit model can be implemented nonlinear characteristics by using the 7 port SDD form

# IV Verification

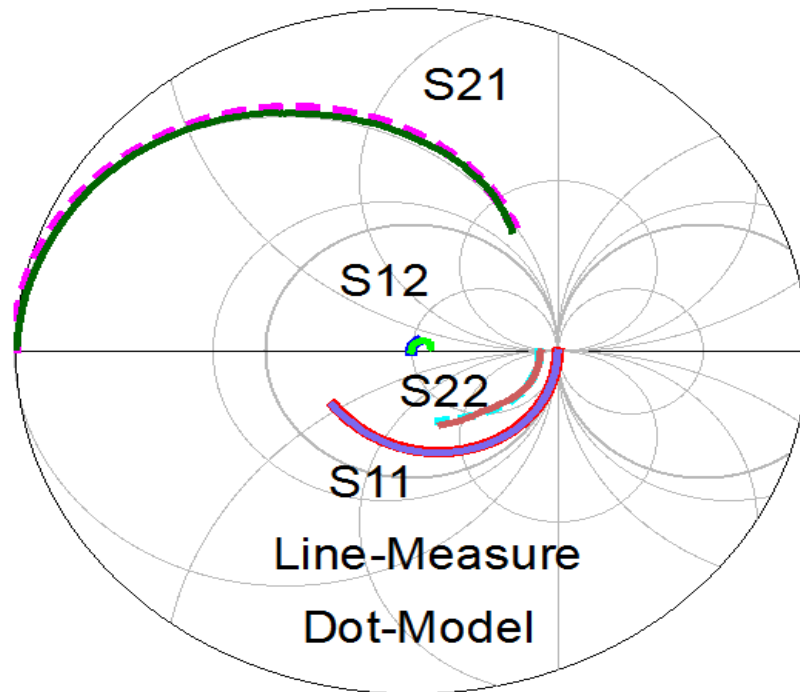


Comparison of IV measurements and simulation are shown in Fig.5.

Fig.5. DC I-V characteristics



# Verification Tests with S-Parameters



freq (200.0MHz to 66.00GHz)

Fig.6. S-parameter fitting to 66GHz  
(  $V_{gs}=-1V$  and  $V_{ds}=20V$ )

The developed large-signal models were implemented in ADS and the S-parameters were simulated, then the received simulations were compared with measured S-parameters. The results of such comparison are shown in Fig.6.

## Verification test with Single-tone Stimuli

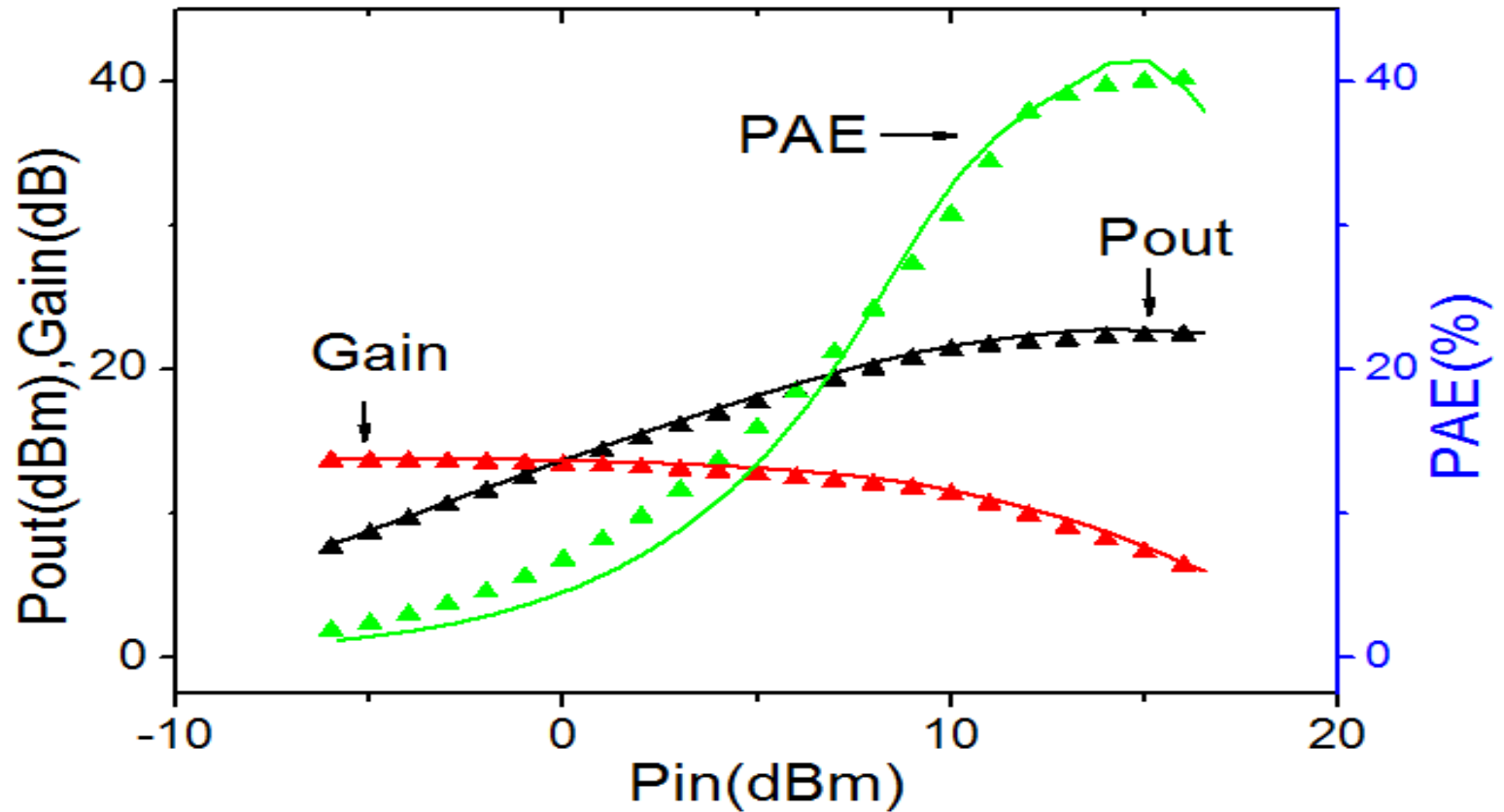


Fig.7. Large signal characteristics fitting at 18GHz  
(  $V_{gs}=-1.4V$  and  $V_{ds}=10V$  )

Single tone on wafer load-pull measurements at 18GHz is carried out for verification purposes.

# CONCLUSION

- *A large signal equivalent circuit modeling of AlGaN/GaN HEMTs is presented in this paper.*
- *The IV characteristics and S-parameter from 0.2 to 66GHz are verified.*
- *Single tone on wafer load-pull measurements at 18GHz is also carried out for verification purposes.*

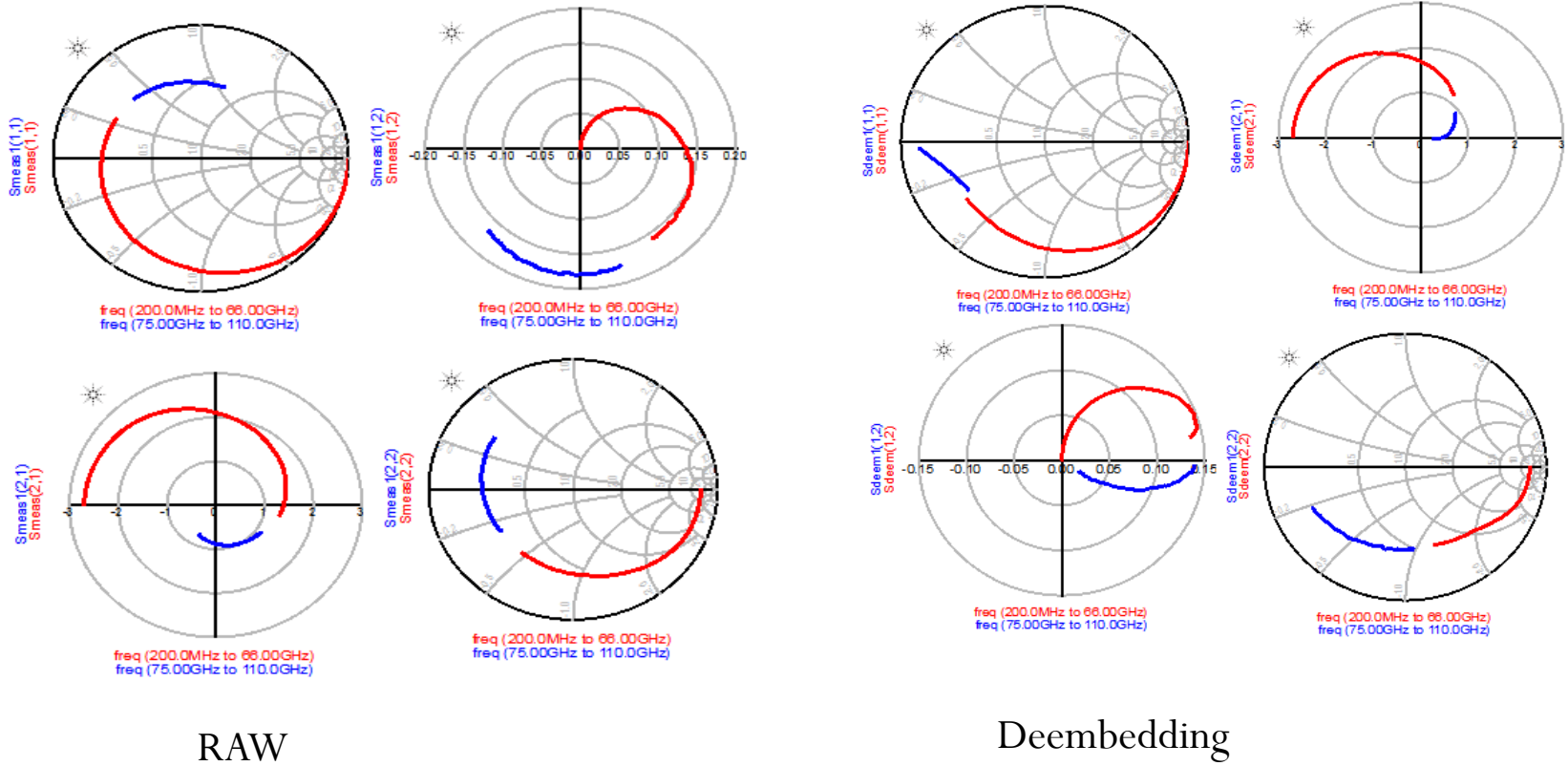
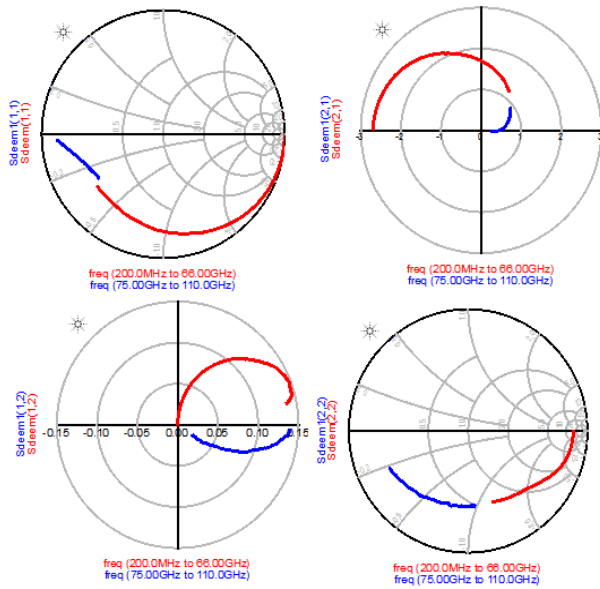


Fig.8. Measurement result to 110GHz



var("angelov..S")  
 Sdeem  
 Sdeem1

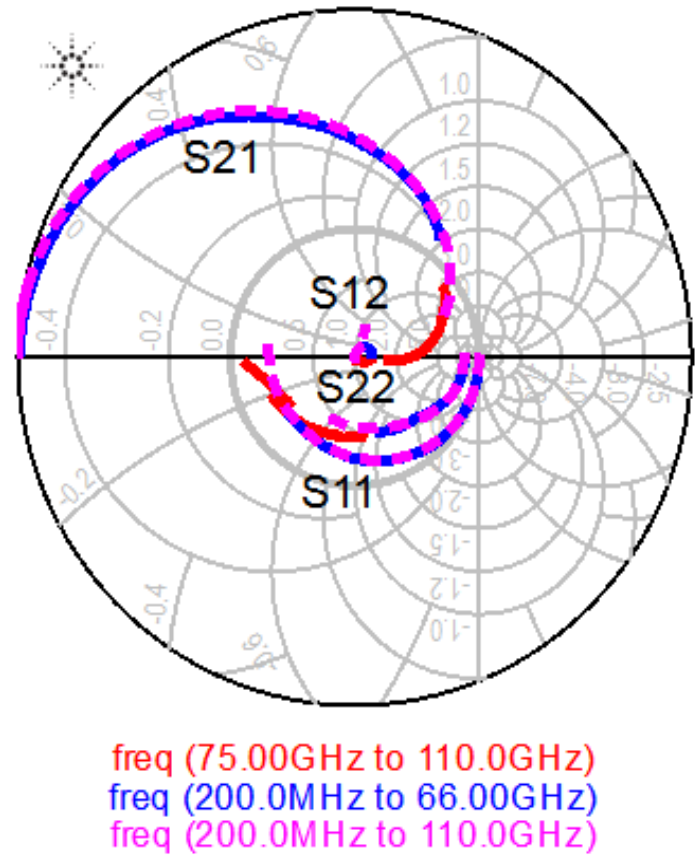


Figure 9. S-parameter to 110GHz  
 ( Vgs=-1V and Vds=20V)

# Future Work

New deembedding method will be used in GaN HEMT measurement for higher frequency. Modeling and power amplifier will be made from the result.

deembedding method for higher frequency



Passive/active



modeling for higher frequency



MMIC

Thank you for your attention!